2026-2027 FALL TERM MODULE 1

SAMPLE B1 PROGRESS TEST

Student Number: **DATE**

…..Minutes

SECTION A — LISTENING

Part 1 — Gap-fill

Listen to five people talking about how they like to travel. Complete sentences (1–5) with just ONE WORD. (5*1 = 5 points)

1. They enjoy being _____lots of people.
2. I don't _____who I travel with.
3. …..
4. …..
5. …..

Part 2 — Multiple Choice

Listen to the speakers and choose the best answer. (5*3 = 15 points)

6. What kind of holiday does Speaker 2 have?

A) She always travels with different friends due to her job.
B) She prefers to go on holiday alone when she is upset.
C) She prefers to travel with her close friend because she doesn't enjoy being alone.
D) She always travels with a family member when she goes abroad.

7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

SECTION B — GRAMMAR

Part 1 — Error correction

Each of the following sentences contains only ONE grammatical error. Underline the incorrect word or phrase and write its correct form on the line provided. Do NOT rewrite the whole sentence. (4*1 = 4 points)

1. Although Mark has a demanding job in the city, he always makes sure to spend time to cook at the weekends, which helps him relax. _____
2. ……
3. ……..
4. ……..

Part 2 — Gap-fill

Complete the sentences using *the correct form of the verbs* in brackets. (14*1 = 14 points)

1. Anna considered _____ (change) her car, but she couldn't afford it.
2. My father decided _____ (keep) our old fridge after a long discussion with mum.
3. Students_____ (not be able to) get the bus to school since it was already full when it arrived at their stop.
4. ……
5. ……
6. ……

7. ……..
8. ……..
9. ……..
10. ……..
11. ……..
12. ……..
13. ……..
14. ……..

Part 3 — Gap-fill

Complete the sentences with <u>only ONE WORD</u> to make grammatically and meaningfully correct. (5*2 = 10 points)

1. There is _____ around us to help for the party, so we have to do everything alone.
2. You _____ wear your seatbelt here – it's required by law. Please remember to fasten your seatbelt and follow the speed limits.
3. ……..
4. ……..
5. ……..

SECTION C — VOCABULARY

Part 1 — Word Formation

Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in the box. Note: There are <u>TWO EXTRA words</u> that you will not use. (7*2 = 14 points)

decide predict invent polite agree …… …… …… ……

1. There is general _____ among many doctors that smoking leads to cancer.
2. My sister's _____ to get married changed her life completely.
3. ……..
4. ……..
5. ……..
6. ……..
7. ……..

Part 2 — Complete the words

Complete the words whose initial and last letters have already been given. (7*2=14 points)

1. As a true **f_____e**, she loves trying new dishes from different cultures and exploring local street food markets.
2. We spent our holiday in a **p_____l** mountain village where the only sound was the wind through the trees.
3. ……..
4. ……..
5. ……..
6. ……..
7. ……..

SECTION D — READING

Every person tends to have a personality type. You might be naturally sociable and friendly or, on the other hand, someone quiet who prefers to stay at home. But there are times, for example, when a shy person might want to be a bit more confident. Is this something that they can change or not?

This is an interesting question for psychologists, and the answer isn't a simple one. Most experts agree that character type is something you are born with. Having said that, it is possible for someone to develop a certain trait that may not necessarily agree with their personality type.

It's easy to imagine this if you think about the following example. If the lights go off in your house and you cannot see the door, you have to use another sense to get to it. It might be touch, hearing or smell, but not the sense you prefer for this task, i.e. sight. However, when the lights come back on, you will revert to using your eyes because it's the most natural sense to apply.

The same is true for your personality. If you are a naturally relaxed person but you have a boss who would like their staff to be very well-organised, you have to change your preference in order to keep your job. This is very much like not using your sight to find the door and having to use another sense. In a similar way, when you leave that place of work, you will probably become more relaxed again.

So, in short, someone cannot simply change their basic personality type but this is not to say that you cannot change some aspects of it in a particular situation. Things like your work environment or simply the fact you want to change can cause this to happen.

Part 1 — Multiple Choice

Read the text and choose the best answer. (5*2 = 10 points)

1. What does the author's analogy of the lights going out and coming back on primarily illustrate?

A) People permanently alter their core personality when faced with difficult environments.

B) Individuals can temporarily adapt their behavior to situational demands without changing their fundamental nature.

C) Physical surroundings have no lasting impact on how people express their emotions.

D) Psychological traits are entirely determined by external circumstances rather than genetics.

2. According to the text and the example of the relaxed employee and the well-organised boss, what is likely to happen when a person leaves a strict or demanding work setting?

A) They will completely forget their previous professional habits.

B) They will adopt a permanent new personality trait for the rest of their lives.

C) They are likely to return to their original, natural behavioral tendencies.

D) They will struggle to find a new job that matches their true character.

3. …….
4. ……
5. …….

Part 2 — Gap-fill

Based on the reading passage, complete the sentences below with only ONE word that best fits the context and meaning of the text. *(7*2 = 14 points)*

1. Although individuals can adjust certain habits or act differently to meet professional demands, psychologists argue that a person's core character type is largely _____ from birth and cannot be permanently rewritten.
2. When an employee is required to behave in a way that contradicts their natural disposition—such as a relaxed person acting very organized—this behavioral shift is usually _____ and disappears once they leave the workplace.
3. ……..
4. ……
5. ……..
6. ……..
7. ……

B1 PROGRESS TEST SAMPLE

ANSWER GUIDE

SECTION A — LISTENING

Part 1 — Gap-fill *(5*1 = 5 points)*

Spelling mistakes will not be accepted under any circumstances.

1. around

2.mind

Part 2 — Multiple Choice *(5*3 = 15 points)*

Answers: 6.B

SECTION B — GRAMMAR

Part 1 — Error correction (4*1 = 4 points)

In this question, there is only one word that is used in the wrong form. If the student forgets to underline the word, no points will be deducted. However, the correct form of the word must be written in the designated space; otherwise, no points will be given. Spelling mistakes will not be accepted under any circumstances.

1. to cook→cooking

Part 2 — Gap-fill (14*1 = 14 points)

Any spelling mistakes or incomplete answers (such as incorrect singular/plural forms, missing "-ing" endings, etc.) will not be accepted or awarded any points.

1. Changing
2. to keep
3. weren't able to

Part 3 — Gap-fill (5*2 = 10 points)

Spelling mistakes will not be accepted under any circumstances.

1. nobody/ no one
2. must

SECTION C — VOCABULARY

Part 1 — Word Formation *(7*2 = 14 points)*

Spelling mistakes will not be accepted under any circumstances.

1. agreement
2. decision

Part 2 — Complete the words *(7*2=14 points)*

Each question has only one correct answer. Spelling mistakes will not be accepted under any circumstances.

1. foodie
2. peaceful

SECTION D — READING

Part 1— Multiple Choice (5*2 = 10 points)

1. **B**
2. **C**

Part 2 —Gap-fill (7*2 = 14 points)

1. innate / unchangeable / fixed (or other acceptable single-word synonyms)
2. temporary / short-lived / reversible (or other acceptable single-word synonyms)